

GENERIC BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN NURSING (BSN) PROGRAM

STUDENT MANUAL

2015-2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| Student Letter and Agreements | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| Welcome Letter | 3 |
| Nursing Program Student Manual Notification | 4 |
| Core Performance Standards | 5 |
| Student Affiliation Agreement for Health Care Agencies | 6 |
| A Student's Guide to HIPAA | 7 |
| A Student's Guide to the Health Professions Skills and Simulation Center | 8 |
| Audio/Visual Recording Release | 9 |
| Nursing Curriculum Materials | |
| College of Saint Mary Mission Statement | 11 |
| Bachelor of Science in Nursing (BSN) Philosophy | 12 |
| BSN Program Conceptual Framework | 14 |
| BSN Program Integrative Strands and Sub-Concepts | 15 |
| Leveling of Integrative Strands in BSN Program | 16 |
| BSN Student Learning Outcomes | 19 |
| BSN Plans of Study | |
| 3-Year Track | 20 |
| 4-Year Track | 21 |
| Glossary of Terms | 22 |
| References | 26 |
| Administrative Policies | |
| 1.1 Admission to BSN Program | 29 |
| 1.2 Core Performance Standards for Clinical Courses | 31 |
| 1.3 Nursing Program Requirements | 32 |
| 1.4 Readmission to the BSN Program | 35 |
| 1.5 Transfer from Another Nursing Program | 36 |
| 1.6 Student Withdrawal from BSN Program | 38 |
| 1.7 "Challenge Exam" for Licensed Practical Nurse (LPN) Applications Seeking | 39 |
| Placement Into BSN Program | |
| Academic and Laboratory/Clinical Policies | |
| 2.1 Professional Conduct | 41 |
| 2.2 Audit Policy | 44 |
| 2.3 Independent Study | 45 |
| 2.4 Academic Evaluation | 46 |
| 2.5 Failing/Repeating Nursing Courses and Grade Appeal Procedure | 48 |
| 2.6 Progression and Graduation | 50 |
| 2.7 Attendance at Class and Clinical Laboratory | 51 |
| 2.8 Misrepresentation of Theory and/or Clinical Experience/Assignments | 53 |
| 2.9 Professional Image and Personal Appearance | 54 |
| 2.10 Smoking Policy | 56 |
| 2.11 Snow Policy | 57 |
| 2.12 Medications, Intravenous Therapy, and Blood Therapy | 58 |
| 2.13 ATI Comprehensive Assessment and Review Program Policy | 59 |

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Welcome Letter

Dear Student,

This manual has been developed to give you easy access to the policies by which decisions are made in the Division of Health Professions, BSN program. These policies will outline requirements, expectations, and answer questions about the BSN program. It is important that you read, understand, and refer to this manual when planning your curriculum, making decisions, and have any questions regarding the policy requirements and expectations in the BSN program.

The introductory pages give an overview of the nursing curriculum and philosophy of the BSN program. The manual serves as a guideline for the plan of study and description of the expectations of the program.

When policies are revised and represent significant change, the manual available online will reflect these changes. Questions about these policies should be addressed to your Academic Advisor. The advisor will then direct you to the Program Director or other members of the faculty as needed. Any questions may come directly to the Program Director if the Academic Advisor is not available.

These policies are in addition to those of College of Saint Mary as listed in the College Catalog.

Dr. Christi Glesmann Program Director, Undergraduate Nursing Dr. Kathleen Zajic Chair, Division of Health Professions

Nursing Program Student Manual Notification

I have been notified that a copy of the <u>Generic Bachelor of Science in Nursing Program Student Manual</u> (containing curriculum material and policies) is located on the MyCSM website: https://my.csm.edu/communities/Nursing%20News/Pages/default.aspx. The BSN Program Student Manual is located at the bottom of the page under "Document Library."

I attest I have read the policies in full this week and directed any questions about the policies to my Instructor, Academic Advisor, Program Director, or Division Chairperson.

I understand that I am expected to read and abide by the policies for the duration of my nursing program. My signature indicates my willingness to comply with these regulations as stated in the policy manual.

| Student (PLEASE PRINT) – Use black ink only | |
|---------------------------------------------|--|
| Student's Signature – Use black ink only | |
| Date – Use black ink only | |

Policies are subject to revision. Students are expected to review the handbook at the beginning of each semester to be aware of any policy revisions.

Core Performance Standards

The following are the core performance standards the student must possess to successfully complete the nursing programs. These abilities are not conditions of admission; however, they reflect the performance abilities and characteristics necessary for the student to successfully complete program requirements.

The applicant must decide if she has any limitations that may restrict or interfere with satisfactory performance of any of the core performance standards. It is the responsibility of the applicant to meet the standards outlined below, and to request those accommodations that she feels are reasonable and necessary to perform the core performance standards. Technological adaptations can be made for some disabilities; however, a student must perform in a safe and reasonably independent manner. It is not acceptable to use a trained intermediary, as a student's judgment may be influenced by someone else's observations.

All students must be able to meet the performance requirements to progress in and complete the nursing programs. The applicant should consult with the Program Director to discuss any individual circumstance in which she may not be able to meet the essential requirements. Core performance standards for successful completion of program outcomes include the following:

| Ability | Standard | Examples of Necessary Activities (not all inclusive) |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Critical Thinking | Critical thinking ability sufficient for clinical judgment | Identify cause-effect relationships in clinical situations; develop nursing care plans. |
| Interpersonal | Interpersonal/intrapersonal abilities sufficient to interact with individuals, families and groups from a variety of social, emotional, cultural and intellectual backgrounds | Establish rapport with clients and colleagues; Use self- awareness and active listening to function safely under stressful conditions with the ability to adapt to ever changing health care environment. |
| Communication | Communication abilities sufficient for interaction with others in verbal, nonverbal and written form. | Explain treatment procedures; initiate health teaching; interpret nursing actions; report client responses to others and appropriately document. |
| Mobility | Physical abilities sufficient to move from room to room and maneuver in small places. | Moves around in client rooms, work spaces, and treatment areas; administer cardiopulmonary resuscitation. |
| Motor Skills | Gross and fine motor abilities sufficient to provide safe and effective nursing care. | Calibrate and use equipment; assist in lifting and positioning clients. |
| Hearing | Auditory ability sufficient to monitor and assess health needs. | Hears monitor alarm, emergency signals, breath sounds, cries for help. |
| Visual | Visual ability sufficient for observation and assessment necessary in nursing care. | Observes client responses. |
| Tactile | Tactile ability sufficient for physical assessment. | Perform palpation, functions of physical examination and/or those related to therapeutic intervention. |

I have read the above and declare that I am able to meet the core performance standards. Any falsification or misrepresentations will be sufficient grounds for my dismissal from the nursing program.

| Student (PLEASE PRINT) – Use black ink only | |
|---------------------------------------------|--|
| Student's Signature – Use black ink only | |
| Date _ Use black ink only | |

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Student Affiliation Agreement for Health Care Agencies

I, the undersigned, a student enrolled in a Health Professions Program at College of Saint Mary, abide by the policies enforced by the College of Saint Mary and do hereby agree to the following:

- 1. To be available for clinical activities to a schedule mutually agreed to between College of Saint Mary and the agency.
- 2. To abide by the rules, regulations, and policies of the agency.
- 3. To abide by the dress code of the agency.
- 4. To abide by existing laws and agency policies regarding the confidentiality of all information related to patients, staff, and facility and which prohibits reproduction of any protected health information for purposes of removal from the agency.
- 5. To follow all safety procedures in force for the agency.
- 6. To hold the agency harmless for possible losses incurred as a result of accident, injury, or illness that may occur to the student while on affiliation in the agency.
- 7. To obtain express written permission from both the College and the agency prior to submitting for publication any material obtained as a result of education training.

This agreement will be in effect for the duration of the student's enrollment in the CSM BSN program.

| Student (PLEASE PRINT) – Use black ink only | |
|---------------------------------------------|--|
| Student's Signature – Use black ink only | |
| · | |
| Date – Use black ink only | |

A Student's Guide to HIPAA

Just What is HIPAA?

In 1996, Congress recognized the need for national patient privacy standards and set a 3-year deadline to enact such protections as part of the "Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996" (HIPAA). At your assigned clinical sites, efforts will primarily focus on Title II – which mandates regulations that govern *Privacy, Security, and Electronic Transactions*.

The Privacy Rule, for the first time, creates national standards to protect individuals' medical records and other protected health information (PHI). PHI includes <u>any</u> information about a person's condition and <u>anything</u> about the care or payment received for it.

Examples of PHI include:

- appointments
- diagnostic lab results
- symptoms
- treatments
- blood type
- procedures
- medical records
- patient's bills
- procedure coding
- aggregate data which includes patient identifiable information.

All patients have the right to have confidential care provided. No one wants to receive services and have that information be available and/or given to others without a right or a need to know. It is your responsibility to protect this sensitive personal information.

Patient confidentiality begins from the moment you receive the first information in regard to a patient. Confidential information should not be discussed with anyone except on a professional need-to-know basis in order to further the delivery of patient care. Releasing confidential patient information, whether intentional or accidental is in conflict with the professional guidelines of any medical/healthcare entity.

This agreement will be in effect for the duration of the student's enrollment in the CSM BSN Program.

| Student (PLEASE PRINT) – Use black ink only |
|---------------------------------------------|
| |
| |
| Student's Signature – Use black ink only |
| |
| |
| Date _ Use black ink only |

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

A Student's Guide to the Health Professions Skills and Simulation Center

As a patron of the Health Professions Skills and Simulation Center (HPSSC), I understand the significance of confidentiality with respect to information concerning simulated patients and fellow students. I will uphold the requirements of the Health Insurance Portability Accountability Act (HIPAA) and any other federal or state laws regarding confidentiality. I agree to report any violations of confidentiality that I become aware of to my facilitator and/or Instructor.

I agree to adhere to the following guideline:

- All patient information is confidential and any inappropriate viewing, discussion, or disclosure of this information is a violation of College of Saint Mary policy.
- This information is privileged and confidential regardless of format: electronic, written, overheard, and/or observed.
- I may view, use, disclose, or copy information only as it relates to the performance of
 my educational duties. Any inappropriate viewing, discussion, or disclosure of this
 information is a violation of hospital policy and may be violation of HIPAA and other
 state and federal laws.
- The HPSSC is a learning environment. All scenarios, regardless of their outcome, should be treated in a professional manner. The student running the scenario should have everyone's respect and attention. Situations simulated in the lab are to be used as a learning tool and not to be used for humiliation of fellow students.
- The simulation mannequins are to be used with respect and be treated as if they are live patients.
- No Betadine or ink pens may be used on or near the simulation mannequins. Only 22 gauge IV catheters, or smaller, may be used.
- When using the SimPad for skills and/or simulation, the wrist strap will be worn at all
 times or the cost of a new SimPad will be incurred to the student responsible for the
 damage caused.

This agreement will be in effect for the duration of the student's enrollment in the CSM BSN Program.

| Student (PLEASE PRINT) – Use black ink only | | | |
|---------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Student's Signature – Use black ink only | | | |
| Date – Use black ink only | | | |

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Photograph and Audio/Visual Recording Release

Photography and audio/visual recording equipment may or may not be in use while students are using the Health Professions Skills and Simulation Center (HPSSC) as well as in the classrooms and clinical/practicum setting. The use of photo/audio/visual recording equipment allows work done in these settings to be reviewed by faculty and students for learning purposes. A photo/audio/visual release form must be signed by all students prior to use of the HPSSC.



Health Professions Skills and Simulation Center 7000 Mercy Rd Omaha, Ne 68106

> Telephone: 402-399-2400 www.csm.edu

| I, |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| This agreement will be in effect for the duration of the student's enrollment in the CSM BSN Program. |
| Student (PLEASE PRINT) |
| Student's Signature |
| Date |

COLLEGE OF SAINT MARY DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

GENERIC BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN NURSING (BSN) CURRICULUM MATERIALS

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

College of Saint Mary Mission Statement

College of Saint Mary is a Catholic university providing access to education for women in an environment that calls forth potential and fosters leadership. Consistent with the works, values and aspirations of the Sisters of Mercy, this mission inspires us to:

- Academic excellence, scholarship, and lifelong learning;
- Respect for the dignity of each person;
- Development of mind, body and spirit; and,
- Commitment to compassionate service.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Bachelor of Science in Nursing (BSN) Philosophy

In accordance with the Mission of College of Saint Mary, the nursing faculty believes that:

Nursing is an art and applied science. Professional nursing functions and actions are grounded in a strong liberal arts and science foundation which complement and enhance nursing courses. Nursing is a holistic, caring profession which requires skillful decision making and critical thinking/clinical reasoning skills. Nursing is an essential humanitarian service profession. Nursing practice requires inter-professional collaboration and communication to assist recipients of healthcare to achieve an optimal level of wellness or a dignified death. Nursing care recipients include individuals, families, groups, communities, and populations. Nursing is concerned with health promotion and maintenance along with disease and injury prevention. Nursing roles include: provider of care, designer/manager/coordinator of care, and member of the nursing profession. Nursing practice occurs across the lifespan in rapidly evolving and complex healthcare environments, thus requiring a commitment to life-long learning.

Each human being is a unique individual with inherent rights, dignity, worth, and potential. An individual has basic needs—psychosocial, cultural, intellectual, developmental, spiritual, environmental, and physical. An individual has the capacity to make decisions, to learn, and to change.

Health and illness are viewed as a continuum. Health is influenced by genetics, environment, lifestyle decisions, and behaviors. Health decisions are made in partnership involving the patient and professional health care providers.

Education is the process of developing knowledge, skill, and attitudes of an individual. Learning is the outcome of the education process and is manifested by changes in behavior that persist over time. Learning is evidenced by changes in the way the learner thinks, feels and acts. Education involves active efforts of the learner working in partnership with faculty to implement and achieve identified goals. Each learner is responsible for her own learning. While considering the diverse ages, backgrounds, and life experiences of the learner, faculty facilitates the learner's efforts and evaluates achievement of learning outcomes.

Learning is influenced by conditions in the environment. A conducive learning environment includes the following attitudes and conditions: an environment which fosters open discourse, respect for the dignity of each individual, constructive guidance, opportunity for creativity, freedom of expression, recognition and acceptance of responsibility, participation in decision making, promotion of constructive citizenship, and cooperative relationships. Fiscal, physical, and other learning resources promote achievement of learning outcomes.

Professional nursing education requires preparation, at a minimum, involving a baccalaureate nursing curriculum. Our BSN program prepares students to deliver safe, patient-centered care, as members of an interdisciplinary team, emphasizing evidence based practice, quality improvement approaches and informatics, consistent with the Institute of Medicine (IOM) core competencies and Quality and Safety Education for Nurses (QSEN) guidelines (IOM, 2003 and Cronenwett, Sherwood, Barnsteiner, et al., 2007).

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

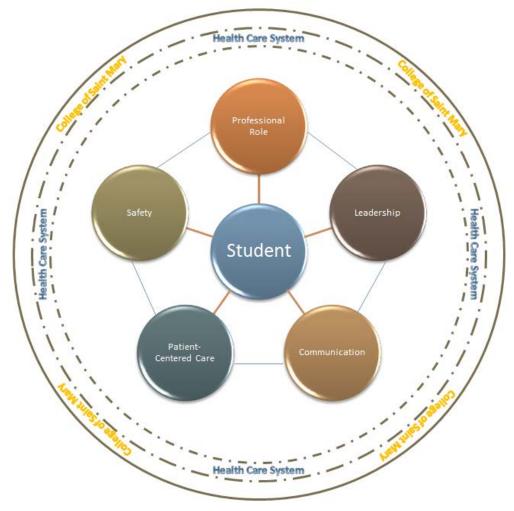
Nursing faculty members are responsible for developing and updating the BSN curriculum to prepare students for entry into professional nursing practice. Nursing courses include classroom theory, skills and simulation labs, and clinical/practicum learning experiences working directly with patients across the lifespan in a variety of practice settings. Nursing care is provided to patients who may be individuals, families, groups, communities and populations with emphasis on health promotion and maintenance along with disease and injury prevention. The BSN educational program provides diverse learning through incorporation of theory, clinical/practicum experiences, preceptorships, and service learning opportunities to broaden student's knowledge, skills, attitudes, and civic responsibilities. Concepts addressed within the baccalaureate curriculum include *patient-centered care*, *communication*, *leadership*, *safety*, *and professional role*.

Baccalaureate graduates function in a variety of health care settings. As members of the health care team, they may assume a leadership role and function as designers/managers/coordinators of care. In fulfilling the role as a member of the health care team, baccalaureate graduates provide direct or indirect nursing care to individuals, families, groups, communities, and populations consistent with professional nursing standards. Graduates assume individual accountability and responsibility as members of the nursing profession. Baccalaureate graduates have an understanding of evidence-based practice, nursing research, informatics, and quality improvement processes. Graduates are prepared to pursue advanced education in nursing.

Baccalaureate graduates are prepared to provide safe and competent nursing care within the legally defined scope of practice. (NHHS, Rules and Regulations Governing the Approval of Nursing Programs in Nebraska, 2006).

BSN Conceptual Framework

The conceptual framework of College of Saint Mary's Bachelor of Science in Nursing (BSN) program curriculum addresses five major concepts: *Patient –Centered Care, Communication, Leadership, Safety, and Professional Role.* The five major concepts form the integrative strands which organize the curriculum and provide guidance for the development of level outcomes and course objectives. The integrative strands are further divided into sub-concepts which are incorporated throughout the BSN curriculum. Nursing faculty use the integrative strands and sub-concepts to identify essential content and plan learning opportunities that build sequentially from one level to the next level in the BSN program. The nursing program draws upon multiple nursing and educational theorists to form a foundation for concept development and strand integration.



BSN Program Integrative Strands and Sub-Concepts

| Patient-Centered | Communication | Leadership | Safety | Professional |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Care | | • | · | Role |
| Provider of holistic care Nursing process Cultural competency Evidence-based practice Research Clinical reasoning/critical thinking Informatics Technical skills Advocacy Health promotion and maintenance Disease and injury prevention Caring Spirituality Population based care | Verbal, nonverbal, and written Emerging Technologies Therapeutic communication with individuals, families, groups, communities, and populations Nursing team Interprofessional collaboration and communication | Individual leadership Manager of care Professional leadership Organizational and systems leadership Civic responsibility | Accountability Creating safe care environment System processes Transfer of care, discharge planning, and home care Continuous quality improvement Emergency preparedness and disaster response | Core values (honesty, integrity, accountability, respect for human dignity, caring, autonomy, social justice) Professional behavior and identity Healthcare policy and regulation Life-long learning Legal and ethical practice considerations End of life care issues Professional advocacy |

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Leveling of Integrative Strands in BSN Program

Patient-Centered Care includes sub-concepts of provider of holistic care, nursing process, cultural competency, evidence-based practice, research, clinical reasoning/critical thinking, informatics, technical skills, advocacy, health promotion and maintenance, disease and injury prevention, caring, spirituality, and population-based care.

| Level One Outcomes | Level Two Outcomes | Level Three | BSN Student |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | Outcomes | Learning Outcomes |
| Begin to apply theories and concepts from required science and humanities courses which provide the foundation for evidence-based nursing practice | Use evidence-based information from the sciences, humanities, and nursing to guide clinical decisions and validate clinical interventions | Synthesize theoretical knowledge and research from the sciences, humanities, and nursing in the provision of patient-centered professional nursing care | Integrate theories and concepts from liberal arts education and nursing education into nursing practice |
| Use beginning professional nursing technical skills and the nursing process to provide culturally sensitive, holistic care for individuals and families | Demonstrate progression of professional nursing and informatics skills which focus on health promotion and maintenance as well as disease and injury prevention with individuals, families, groups, communities and populations | Demonstrate the ability to think critically while providing safe, individualized, culturally competent, evidence-based, holistic, patient-centered care within and across the health care system | Apply theoretical and empirical knowledge which is based on research and evidence-based practice, in order to be an advocate and provide safe, individualized, and culturally competent patient-centered nursing care |

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Communication includes sub-concepts of verbal, non-verbal, written, and emerging technological communication, therapeutic communication, communication with the nursing team, and inter-professional collaboration and communication.

| Level One Outcomes | Level Two Outcomes | Level Three | BSN Student |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | Outcomes | Learning Outcomes |
| Describe techniques which facilitate professional and therapeutic communication with patients and members of the health care team | Use professional verbal, non-verbal, and written communication skills when interacting with individuals, families, groups, communities, populations, and others within and across the health care system | Demonstrate competent use of contextually appropriate professional communication techniques and incorporation of emerging technological communication in nursing practice | Use effective and professional written, verbal, non-verbal, and emerging technological communication skills/principles when interacting with individuals, families, groups, communities, populations, and others within and across the health care system |

Leadership includes sub-concepts of individual leadership, manager of care, professional leadership, organizational and systems leadership, and civic responsibility.

| Level One Outcomes | Level Two Outcomes | Level Three | BSN Student |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | Outcomes | Learning Outcomes |
| Identify individual leadership characteristics that are needed to carry out nursing roles which include provider of care, designer/manager/ coordinator of care, and member of the nursing profession | Use critical thinking and effective leadership skills when providing and managing care for individuals, families, groups, communities, and populations | Value professional/ organizational/ and systems leadership opportunities as a responsible citizen and future professional nurse | Demonstrate leadership concepts, critical thinking skills, and ethical reasoning when working with individuals, families, groups, communities, populations, and other members of the healthcare team throughout various health care settings |

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Safety includes sub-concepts of accountability, creating a safe environment, system processes, transfer of care/discharge planning/home care, continuous quality improvement, and emergency preparedness and disaster response.

| Level One Outcomes | Level Two Outcomes Level Three | | BSN Student | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Level one outcomes | Ecter 1 wo outcomes | Outcomes | Learning Outcomes | |
| Identify risks and potential threats to patient safety, and the nurse's accountability for initiating actions needed to create and maintain a safe environment | Use knowledge of health care system processes to facilitate and provide a safe environment and efficient transfer of care, discharge planning and home care for patients | Discuss role expectations and engagement of professional nurses in continuous quality improvement activities, emergency preparedness and disaster response while providing a safe environment for | Demonstrate vigilant attention and risk reduction responses to safety-related concerns encountered in all areas of professional nursing practice | |
| | | 1 0 | | |

Professional Role includes sub-concepts of core values, professional behavior, and integrity which are consistent with the College of Saint Mary mission, health care policy and regulation, life-long learning, legal and ethical practice considerations, end-of-life care issues, and professional advocacy.

| Level One Outcomes | Level Two Outcomes Level Three | | BSN Student |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | Outcomes | Learning Outcomes |
| Display professional integrity, responsibility and accountability in nursing practice | Demonstrate professional integrity, responsibility and accountability in nursing practice | Exhibit professional integrity, responsibility and accountability in nursing practice | Demonstrate professional role behaviors consistent with the mission of College of Saint Mary and legal and ethical standards of conduct |
| Discuss core values, legal and ethical standards, and professional advocacy considerations which are the foundation of professional nursing practice | Recognize opportunities and constraints which are influenced by health care policy and regulation | Examine professional role expectations and challenges anticipated during transition period from student to newly licensed nurse including plans for life-long learning, dealing with complex legal/ethical considerations such as end-of-life care issues, and access to health care | Appreciate the pursuit of nursing practice excellence through lifelong learning and professional engagement in order to foster professional growth and development |

BSN Student Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of the Bachelor of Science in Nursing program, the nursing student will be able to demonstrate the following outcomes:

- Integrate theories and concepts from liberal arts education and nursing education into nursing practice
- Apply theoretical and empirical knowledge, which is based on research and evidencebased practice, in order to be an advocate and provide safe, individualized, and culturally competent patient-centered nursing care.
- Use effective and professional written, verbal, non-verbal, and emerging technological communication skills/principles when interacting with individuals, families, groups, communities, populations, and others within and across the healthcare system.
- Demonstrate leadership concepts, critical thinking skills, and ethical reasoning when working with individuals, families, groups, communities, populations, and other members of the healthcare team throughout various health care settings.
- Demonstrate professional role behaviors consistent with the mission of College of Saint Mary and legal and ethical standards of conduct.
- Appreciate the pursuit of nursing practice excellence through lifelong learning and professional engagement in order to foster professional growth and development.
- Demonstrate vigilant attention and risk reduction responses to safety-related concerns encountered in all areas of professional nursing practice

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Bachelor of Science in Nursing Plan of Study

3-Year Track / 128 total credit hours

| FALL Year 1 | CREDIT | SPRING Year 1 | CREDIT | SUMMER Year 1 | CREDIT |
|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------|
| | | | | | |
| Level 1 | HOURS | Level 1 | HOURS | Level 1 | HOURS |
| Chemistry/Lab | 4 | A & P II/Lab | 4 | Philosophy 200 | 3 |
| A & P 1/Lab | 4 | Micro/Lab | 4 | Psychology 101 | 3 |
| English 101 | 3 | NUR 101: | 9 | History elective | 3 |
| | | Fundamentals of | | | |
| | | Nursing | | | |
| Math 112 | 3 | NUR 102: | 1 | | |
| | | Fundamentals of | | | |
| T' 77 G | | Nursing Pharmacology | | | |
| First-Year Seminar | 1 | | | | |
| NUR 100: Intro to | 3 | | | | |
| Nursing Total | 18 | Total | 18 | Total | 9 |
| | | SPRING Year 2 | | | |
| FALL Year 2 | CREDIT | | CREDIT | SUMMER Year 2 | CREDIT |
| Level 2 | HOURS | Level 2 | HOURS | Level 2 | HOURS |
| NUR 200:*Psychiatric- | 4 | NUR 203:*Maternal | 4 | Philosophy elective | 3 |
| Mental Health Nursing | | Newborn Nursing | | | |
| NUR 201: *Public | 4 | NUR 204:*Pediatric | 4 | Pathophysiology | 3 |
| Health Nursing | | Nursing | | | |
| NUR 202: | 1 | NUR 205: | 1 | Sociology 101 | 3 |
| *Psych/Public Health | | *Maternal/Child | | | |
| Pharmacology | | Pharmacology | | | |
| Theology elective | 3 | NUR 207: Intro to | 3 | | |
| | | Nursing Research & | | | |
| | | Evidence-Based | | | |
| Communications | 3 | Practice Math 242 | 3 | | |
| w/Public Speaking | 3 | Math 242 | 3 | | |
| NUR 206:Cultural and | 3 | English 200 Level | 3 | | |
| Spiritual Care in | 3 | Eligiisii 200 Eevei | 3 | | |
| Nursing | | | | | |
| Total | 18 | Total | 18 | Total | 9 |
| *(| Courses offered b | ooth fall and spring | | | |
| FALL Year 3 | CREDIT | SPRING Year 3 | CREDIT | SUMMER Year 3 | CREDIT |
| Level 3 | HOURS | Level 3 | HOURS | Level 3 | HOURS |
| | | | | | |
| NUR 300: Acute Med- | 8 | NUR 303: Multi- | 8 | NUR 307: Preceptorship | 6 |
| Surgical Nursing | | System | | | |
| NUR 301: Acute Med- | 1 | Med-Surgical NUR 304: Multi- | 1 | | |
| Surgical Pharmacology | 1 | System Med-Surg | 1 | | |
| Surgicar i narmacology | | Pharmacology | | | |
| NUR 302: Health | 3 | NUR 305: Professional | 2 | | |
| Assessment | 3 | Nursing In The | _ | | |
| | | Evolving Healthcare | | | |
| | | System | | | |
| Fine Arts elective | 3 | NUR 306: Nursing | 3 | | |
| | | Management | | | |
| | | and Leadership | | | |
| | | Theology elective | 3 | | |
| Total | 15 | Total | 17 | Total | 6 |

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Bachelor of Science in Nursing Plan of Study

4-Year Track / 128 total credit hours

| FALL Year 1 | CREDIT | SPRING Year 1 | CREDIT | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------------------------|--------|---------------|--------|
| General Education | HOURS | General Education | HOURS | | |
| | HOURS | General Education | HOURS | | |
| Chemistry/Lab | 4 | A & P I/Lab | 4 | | |
| English 101 | 3 | Communications | 3 | | |
| 75.1.112 | | w/Public Speaking | | | |
| Math 112 | 3 | History elective | 3 | | |
| FYS: First-Year Seminar | 1 | Sociology 101 | 3 | | |
| Psychology 101 | 3 | | | | |
| Total | 14 | Total | 13 | | |
| FALL Year 2 | CREDIT | SPRING Year 2 | CREDIT | | |
| Level 1 | HOURS | Level 1 | HOURS | | |
| NUR 100: Intro to Nursing | 3 | NUR 101: Fundamentals of Nursing | 9 | | |
| Philosophy 200 | 3 | NUR 102: Fundamentals of Nursing Pharmacology | 1 | | |
| Micro/Lab | 4 | Theology elective | 3 | | |
| English 200 Level | 3 | Fine Arts elective | 3 | | |
| A & P II/Lab | 4 | | | | |
| Total | 17 | Total | 16 | | |
| FALL Year 3 | CREDIT | SPRING Year 3 | CREDIT | | |
| Level 2 | HOURS | Level 2 | HOURS | | |
| NUR 200: *Psychiatric- | 4 | NUR 203: *Maternal | 4 | | |
| Mental Health Nursing | 4 | Newborn Nursing | + | | |
| NUR 201: *Public Health | 4 | NUR 204: *Pediatric | 4 | | |
| Nursing | _ | Nursing | -7 | | |
| NUR 202:*Psych/Public | 1 | NUR 205: *Maternal/Child | 1 | | |
| Health Pharmacology | | Pharmacology | | | |
| NUR 206: Cultural and | 3 | Theology elective | 3 | | |
| Spiritual Care in Nursing | | | | | |
| Pathophysiology | 3 | NUR 207: Introduction to | 3 | | |
| | | Nursing Research and | | | |
| | | Evidence-Based Practice | | | |
| Math 242 | 3 | | | | |
| Total | 18 | Total | 15 | | |
| | | ooth fall and spring | ~==== | ~ | ~ |
| FALL Year 4 | CREDIT | SPRING Year 4 | CREDIT | SUMMER | CREDIT |
| Level 3 | HOURS | Level 3 | HOURS | Year 4 | HOURS |
| | | | | Level 3 | |
| NUR 300: Acute Med- | 8 | NUR 303: Multi-System | 8 | NUR 307: | 6 |
| Surgical | | Med-Surgical | | Preceptorship | |
| NUR 301: Acute Med- | 1 | NUR 304: Multi-System | 1 | Total | 6 |
| Surgical Pharmacology | 2 | Med-Surgical Pharmacology | | | |
| NUR 302: Health | 3 | NUR 305: Nursing Trends | 2 | | |
| Assessment Philosophy elective | 3 | and Issues NUR 306: Professional | 3 | | |
| Philosophy elective | 3 | NUR 306: Professional Nursing In The Evolving | 3 | | |
| | | Healthcare System | | | |
| Total | 15 | Total | 14 | | |
| 10181 | 1.0 | 1 Otal | 14 | <u> </u> | |

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Glossary of Terms

Clinical competence: Clinical competence involves action and demonstration of both physical and cognitive skills used in the practice environment (Schroeter, 2008).

Clinical reasoning: The process used to assimilate information, analyze data, and make decisions regarding patient care (AACN, 2008).

Communication: An interaction between a health care professional and patient that aims to enhance the patient's comfort, safety, trust, or health and well-being (Venes, 2013).

Critical thinking: All or part of the process of questioning, analysis, synthesis, interpretation, inference, inductive and deductive reasoning, intuition, application, and creativity. Critical thinking underlies independent and interdependent decision making (AACN, 2008).

Cultural competence: The attitudes, knowledge, and skills necessary for providing quality care to diverse populations. Cultural competence is an ongoing process in which the nurse continuously strives to achieve the ability to work effectively within the cultural context of patients. This involves accepting and respecting differences in personal beliefs, as well as having general cultural and cultural-specific information so the nurse knows what questions to ask (AACN, 2013).

Cultural sensitivity: Cultural sensitivity is experienced when neutral language, both verbal and non-verbal, is used in a way that reflects sensitivity and appreciation for the diversity of another. It can expressed through behaviors that are considered polite and respectful to others (e.g. choice of words, use of distance, etc.). Cultural sensitivity may also be conveyed through words, phrases, and categorizations that are intentionally avoided, especially when referring to any individual who may interpret them as impolite or offensive (AACN, 2013).

Delegation: Transferring to a competent staff member the authority and responsibility to perform a selected nursing task that the staff member would not normally be allowed to perform; the registered nurse retains the accountability for the delegated task (Cherry & Jacob, 2014).

Designer/Manager/Coordinator of care: As the provider of care, the nurse assesses patient resources, strengths and weaknesses, coping behaviors, and the environment to optimize the problem-solving and self-care abilities of patients. The nurse plans therapeutic interventions in collaboration with patients and interdisciplinary team. The nurse takes responsibility for coordination of care that involves other health professionals or resources, providing continuity and helping patients deal effectively with the health care system. The nurse promotes what is best for patients, ensuring that needs are met, and rights are protected (Cherry & Jacob, 2014).

Evidenced-based practice: Care that integrates best research with clinical expertise and patient values for optimum care (AACN, 2013).

Health: A state of complete physical, social, and mental well-being, and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity. Health is a resource for everyday life, not the object of living, and is a

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

positive concept emphasizing social and personal resources as well as physical capabilities. Health is a fundamental human right (WHO, 2013).

Health care team: The patient plus all of the healthcare professionals who care for the patient. The patient is an integral member of the healthcare team (AACN, 2008).

Health care system: The complete network of agencies, facilities, and all providers of health care in a specific geographical area. Nursing services are integral to all levels and patterns of care, and nurses form the largest number of providers in a health care system (Myers, 2009).

Health promotion: Any activity undertaken for the purpose of achieving a higher level of health and well-being (Berman & Snyder, 2012).

Holistic care: A system of comprehensive or total patient care that considers the physical, emotional, social, economic, and spiritual needs of the person; his or her response to illness; and the effect of the illness on the ability to meet self-care needs (Myers, 2009).

Illness: A highly personal state in which the person feels unhealthy or ill which may or may not be related to disease (Berman & Snyder, 2012).

Information Technology/Health care informatics: The study of how health care data, information, knowledge, and wisdom are collected, stored, processed, communicated, and used to support the process of health care delivery to patients, providers, administrators, and organizations involved in health care delivery (Venes, 2013).

Interdisciplinary team: Working across healthcare professions to cooperate, collaborate, communicate, and integrate care in teams to ensure that care is continuous and reliable. The team consists of the patient, the nurse, and other healthcare providers as appropriate (AACN, 2008).

Job placement rates: Number of graduates, one year after graduation, employed in a position for which the program prepared them (ACEN, 2013).

Leadership: A skill that focuses on the development and deployment of vision, mission, and strategy as well as the creation of a motivated workforce (Marquis & Huston, 2012).

Licensure pass rate: Performance on the National Council Licensure Examination for Registered Nurses (NCLEX-RN) for first-time writers (ACEN, 2013).

Member of the nursing profession: Core nursing roles include provider of care, a member of the profession, and a manager of patient care. As a member of the nursing profession, one will use the nursing process, demonstrate therapeutic communication skills, identify and practice within legal and ethical guidelines, demonstrate self-directed learning, and adhere to codes of conduct (Wywialowski, 2004).

Nursing research: A process of systematic inquire or study to build knowledge in nursing. The purpose of nursing research is to affect the direct provision of nursing and health care to

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

recipients of nursing care as well as to generate knowledge in areas that affect nursing care processes indirectly (Cherry & Jacob, 2014).

Nursing Process: A systematic rational method of planning and providing nursing care (Berman & Snyder, 2012).

Observational Experience: An assignment to a facility or unit where students observe the role of the facility and the role of nurse within the facility, but where students do not participate in direct patient care. Direct faculty or preceptor supervision is not required for an observational experience outside the clinical facility. Observational experiences may be used to supplement, but not replace direct patient care experiences (NHHS, 2006).

Patient: The recipient of nursing care or services. Patients may be individuals, families, groups, communities, or populations. Further, patients may function in independent, interdependent, or dependent roles, and may seek or receive nursing interventions related to disease prevention, health promotion, or health maintenance, as well as illness and end-of-life care. Depending on the context or setting, patients may, at times, more appropriately be termed clients, consumers, or customers of nursing services (AACN, 2008).

Patient-centered care: Includes actions to identify, respect, and care about patients' differences, values, preferences, and expressed needs; relieve pain and suffering; coordinate continuous care; listen to, clearly inform, communicate with, and educate patients; share decision making and management; and continuously advocate disease prevention, wellness, and promotion of healthy lifestyles, including a focus on population health (AACN, 2008).

Partnership: An agreement (formal relationship) between a nursing education unit/governing organization and an outside agent/agency to accomplish specific objectives and goals over a period of time. This does not include clinical agreements for student learning experiences required by the nursing program (ACEN, 2013).

Population: A collection of individuals having personal or environmental characteristics in common (AACN, 2008).

Preceptor: An experienced registered nurse who provides direct supervision of student clinical learning experiences at the clinical agency where the preceptor is employed. The preceptor acts as a facilitator of student learning and serves as a role model who is immediately available in the clinical setting. Preceptors are employed by the agency where the student is placed for clinical experience (NHHS, 2006).

Professional Nurse: An individual prepared with a minimum of a baccalaureate in nursing (AANC, 2008).

Professional standards/guidelines for practice: Statements of expectations and aspirations providing a foundation for professional nursing behaviors of graduates of baccalaureate, master's, and professional doctoral programs. Standards are developed by a consensus of professional nursing communities who have a vested interest in the education and practice of

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

nurses. The professional nursing standard and guidelines are established through: state rules and regulations, nationally recognized accrediting agencies and professional nursing specialty organizations, national and institutional educational organizations, and health care agencies used in the education of nursing graduates (CCNE, 2009).

Program completion rate: Number of students who graduate within 150% of the stated program length beginning with enrollment in the first nursing course (ACEN, 2013).

Program outcomes: Indicators that reflect the extent to which the purposes of the nursing education unit are achieved and by which program effectiveness is documented. Program outcomes are measurable, consumer-orientated indexes designed to evaluate the degree to which the program is achieving its mission and goals (ACEN, 2013).

Program satisfaction: Perceptions of the graduates and employers regarding the graduates' achievement of the learning outcomes/competencies and the adequacy and effectiveness of the program (ACEN, 2013).

Quality improvement: An organization's commitment and approach used to continuously improve all processes in the organization with the goal of meeting and exceeding customer expectations and outcomes (Berman & Snyder, 2012).

Safety: Minimizes risk of harm to patients and providers through both system effectiveness and individual performance (QSEN, n.d.).

Service Learning: A teaching and learning strategy that integrates meaningful community service with instruction and reflection to enrich the learning experiences, teach civic responsibility, and strengthen communities (National Service Learning Clearinghouse, 2013).

Simulation: An activity that mimics the reality of the clinical environment that is designed to demonstrate procedures, decision-making, and critical thinking through techniques such as role-playing and the use of devices (AANC, 2008).

Wellness: Wellness is the optimal state of health of individuals or groups. There are two focal concerns: the realization of the fullest potential of an individual physically, psychologically, socially, spiritually, and economically; and the fulfillment of one's role expectations in the family, community, place of worship, workplace and other settings (Smith, Tang, & Nutbeam, 2006).

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

References

- Accreditation Commission for Education in Nursing (ACEN). (2013). *ACEN 2013 standards and criteria baccalaureate*. Retrieved from http://www.acenursing.net/manuals/SC2013_BACCALAUREATE.pdf.
- American Association of Colleges of Nursing (AACN). (2008). *The essentials of baccalaureate education for professional nursing practice*. Retrieved from http://www.aacn.nche.edu/education-resources/baccessentials08.pdf.
- Berman, A., & Snyder, S. (2012). *Kozier & Erb's fundamentals of nursing* (9th ed.). Upper Saddle River, New Jersey: Person Education, Inc.
- Cherry, B., & Jacob, S. (2014). *Contemporary nursing: Issues, trends, and management* (6th ed.). St. Louis, Missouri: Elsevier Mosby.
- Commission on Collegiate Nursing Education (CCNE). (2009). *Standards for accreditation of baccalaureate and graduate degree nursing programs*. Retrieved from http://www.aacn.nche.edu/ccne-accreditation/standards09.pdf.
- Cronenwett, L., Sherwood, G., Barnsteiner, J., Disch, J., Johnson, J., Mitchell, P., ... (2007). Quality and safety education for nurses. *Nursing Outlook*, 55(3), 122-131.
- Institute of Medicine (IOM). (2003). *Health professions education: A bridge to quality*. Retrieved from http://www.iom.edu/Reports/2003/health-professions-education-a-bridge-to-quality.aspx
- Marquis, B., & Huston, C. (2012). *Leadership roles and management functions in nursing: Theory and application* (6th ed.). Hong Kong, China: Wolters Kluwer Health/Lippincott Williams & Wilkins
- Myers, T. (Ed.). (2009). *Mosby's dictionary of medicine, nursing and health professions* (8th ed.). St. Louis, Missouri: Mosby Elsevier.
- National Service Learning Clearinghouse. (2013). *Learn and serve*. Retrieved from www.servicelearning.org
- Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services (NHHS). (2006). *Regulation and licensure: Approval of basic nursing programs in Nebraska*. Retrieved from
 http://www.sos.ne.gov/rules-and-regs/regsearch/Rules/Health_and_Human_Services_System/Title-172/Chapter-097.pdf.
- QSEN Institute. (n.d). *Pre-licensure KSAS*. Retrieved from http://qsen.org/competencies/pre-licensure-ksas.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

- Schroeter, K. (2008). *Competence literature review*. Retrieved from http://www.cc-institute.org/docs/default-document-library/2011/10/19/competence_lit_review.pdf?Status=Master.
- Smith, B., Tang, K., and Nutbeam, D. (2006). *WHO health promotion glossary: New terms*. Retrieved from http://www.who.int/healthpromotion/about/HP%20Glossay%20in%20HPI.pdf.
- Venes, D. (Ed.). (20113). *Taber's cyclopedic medical dictionary*. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: F.A. Davis Company.
- World Health Organization (WHO). (2013). *Health*. Retrieved from http://www.who.int/trade/glossary/story046/en/index.html.
- Wywialowski, E. (2004). Managing client care (3rd ed.).St. Louis, Missouri: Mosby Elsevier.

COLLEGE OF SAINT MARY DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

GENERIC BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN NURSING (BSN) ADMINISTRATIVE POLICIES

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number: 1.1

Last Revised Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

ADMISSION TO BSN PROGRAM

Policy:

- 1. Students desiring admission to the BSN Program apply through Enrollment Services or the Centralized Application Service for Nursing Programs (Nursing CAS) and must meet the CSM admission criteria.
- 2. Detailed criteria for admission is found on the following page.
- 3. The nursing program reserves the right of admitting only those students who, in the judgment of the program, satisfy the requirements of scholarship, health, and personal suitability for nursing.
- 4. To participate in laboratory/clinical courses, the student must have the following on file: a) CPR certificate, b) Clinical Agency Requirements, c) Health Record, and d) be able to meet Core Performance Standards (See Policy 1.2: Core Performance Standards; and Policy 1.3: Nursing Program Requirements).

Procedure:

- 1. Application materials for the nursing program are processed by Enrollment Services or NursingCAS and then submitted to the nursing Program Director for review.
- 2. Applications are reviewed by the nursing Program Director upon receipt of all of the following:
- application form
- official copy of high school transcript or GED with appropriate signatures
- official school transcripts from all colleges attended
- official school of nursing transcripts, if student has attended a nursing program
- results of ACT scores
- A personal interview may be requested by the Program Director.
- 3. If the applicant meets the criteria for nursing, she is notified of her acceptance in writing.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Admission Criteria

BSN 3-Year Track

Criteria for admission into the BSN 3 track for *recent high school graduates are as follows:

- High school chemistry
- High school physical science
- High school cumulative grade-point average of 3.0 (B) or higher
- 23 composite score on ACT
- Meet Core Performance Standards (Policy 1.2) and Nursing Program Requirements (Policy 1.3)

*Recent High School Graduate refers to individuals who have graduated from high school within two years of application to nursing program.

BSN 4-Year Track

Criteria for admission into the BSN 4 track for *recent high school graduates are as follows:

- High school chemistry
- High school physical science
- High school grade-point average of 2.75 (C+)
- 21 composite score on ACT
- Meet Core Performance Standards (Policy 1.2) and Nursing Program Requirements (Policy 1.3)

*Recent High School Graduate refers to individuals who have graduated from high school within two years of application to nursing program.

BSN 3-Year Track Applicant with College Transfer Credit

Criteria for admission into the BSN program for college transfer students are as follows:

- Cumulative grade-point average of at least 2.75.
- Satisfactory completion of at least 12 semester hours (not to include developmental courses) including two CSM nursing program required sciences OR satisfactory completion of at least 21 CSM nursing program required (general education curriculum) courses credits.
- Meet Core Performance Standards (Policy 1.2) and Nursing Program Requirements (Policy 1.3)

LPN to BSN Track

Criteria for admission into the LPN-BSN program track are as follows:

- Provide verification of Practical Nurse License in good standing (unencumbered) with the State of Nebraska or compact state
- Cumulative grade-point average of at least 2.75
- Completion of NUR 100: Introduction to Nursing "Challenge Exam" during fall semester (required prior to enrollment in NUR 101) (Policy 1.7)
- Meet Core Performance Standards (Policy 1.2) and Nursing Program Requirements (Policy 1.3)

BSN PRE-NURSING STUDENTS

Criteria for admission into the BSN program for pre-nursing students are as follows:

- Cumulative grade-point average of at least 2.75 with satisfactory completion of at least two CSM nursing program required sciences.
- Satisfactory completion of at least 12 semester hours (not to include developmental courses)
- Meet Core Performance Standards (Policy 1.2) and Nursing Program Requirements (Policy 1.3)

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number: 1.2

Last Reviewed Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

CORE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR CLINICAL COURSES

The following are the core performance standards the student must possess to successfully complete the nursing program. These abilities are not conditions of admission; however, they reflect the performance abilities and characteristics necessary for the student to successfully complete program requirements.

<u>Policy</u>: The applicant must decide if she has any limitations that may restrict or interfere with satisfactory performance of any of the core performance standards. It is the responsibility of the applicant to meet the standards outlined below, and to request those accommodations that she feels are reasonable and necessary to perform the core performance standards. Technological adaptations can be made for some disabilities; however, a student must perform in a safe and reasonably independent manner. It is not acceptable to use a trained intermediary, as a student's judgment may be influenced by someone else's observations. All students must be able to meet the performance requirements to progress in and complete the nursing program. The applicant should consult with the Program Director to discuss any individual circumstance in which she may not be able to meet the essential requirements.

Core performance standards for successful completion of program outcomes include the following:

| Ability | Standard | Examples of Necessary Activities |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| | | (not all inclusive) |
| Critical | Critical thinking ability sufficient for clinical | Identify cause-effect relationships in clinical |
| Thinking | judgment | situations; develop nursing care plans. |
| Interpersonal | Interpersonal/intrapersonal abilities | Establish rapport with clients and colleagues; Use |
| | sufficient to interact with individuals, | self-awareness and active listening to function |
| | families and groups from a variety of social, | safely under stressful conditions with the ability |
| | emotional, cultural, and intellectual backgrounds | to adapt to ever changing health care environment. |
| Communication | Communication abilities sufficient for | Explain treatment procedures; initiate health |
| | interaction with others in verbal, nonverbal | teaching; interpret nursing actions; report client |
| | and written form. | responses to others, and appropriately document. |
| Mobility | Physical abilities sufficient to move from | Moves around in client rooms, work spaces, and |
| - | room to room and maneuver in small places. | treatment areas; administer cardiopulmonary |
| | | resuscitation. |
| Motor Skills | Gross and fine motor abilities sufficient to | Calibrate and use equipment; assist in lifting and |
| | provide safe and effective nursing care. | positioning clients. |
| Hearing | Auditory ability sufficient to monitor and | Hears monitor alarm, emergency signals, breath |
| | assess health needs. | sounds, cries for help. |
| Visual | Visual ability sufficient for observation and | Observes client responses. |
| | assessment necessary in nursing care. | |
| Tactile | Tactile ability sufficient for physical | Perform palpation, functions of physical |
| | assessment. | examination and/or those related to therapeutic |
| | | intervention. |

<u>Procedure:</u> The student will be required to sign an attestation form declaring the ability to meet the core performance standards at the time of admission into the nursing program.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number 1.3

Last Reviewed Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

NURSING PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

Policy:

Nursing program requirements include CPR, Clinical Agency Requirements, and Health Requirements.

1. CPR Requirement

A current American Heart Association: Health Care Provider CPR card, Red Cross:
 Professional Rescuer CPR card, or American Safety & Health Institute: BLS for
 Healthcare Providers is required to participate in a lab/clinical course. Expense incurred
 by the student in connection with the CPR requirement is the responsibility of the
 student.

2. Clinical Agency Requirements

- Investigative Consumer Report (Background Check)
 - All students must complete a background check as partial fulfillment of clinical agency contracts. This process must be completed prior to beginning nursing courses.
 - Students will complete the application for background check as stipulated by nursing program.
 - Results of the background check will be given to the nursing Program Director.
 - If there is concern that the findings have a rational connection and/or pose a liability risk to nursing faculty or clinical agencies, findings will be brought to the Division Chair.
 - If findings indicate a rational connection and/or pose a liability risk to nursing, the student may be denied admission to nursing or be dismissed from the nursing program.
 - Decisions for continuing in the program in no way can be construed as a guarantee that the State Board of Nursing will find the student eligible for licensure even upon graduation. Boards of Nursing will make independent decisions on eligibility requirements as stated in the law. (Neb. Statutes 38-2220.)

Drug Screening

- Students entering nursing will be required to undergo drug testing (5-panel or higher) as required by clinical contract. Current students will be required to repeat drug screening for reasonable cause (probable cause) when at least two licensed healthcare professionals believe that a nursing student is impaired as a result of the use or abuse of illegal drugs, controlled substances and/or alcohol. Reasonable cause exists when:
 - i. actions or appearance are out of the ordinary and unusual to the normal behavior patterns of an individual and could indicate the presence of an intoxicating substance.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

- ii. behavior is such that it presents a danger to the safety of other students, faculty, clients, staff and/or member of the public.
- Refusal to submit to a drug screen when there is reasonable cause is grounds for the Nursing Student Policies Committee to dismiss the student from the program.
- If the drug screen is positive, the individual will be given an opportunity to list all medications currently being taken and to name the prescribing physician.

3. Health Requirements

• The following policies and procedures have been identified to meet health requirements of clinical agencies. The student must be physically and mentally able to engage in clinical practice to ensure the safety of clients, self, peers, faculty, and staff. These requirements will facilitate maintenance of our health as professionals and that of our clients.

Policies:

- Every student in the BSN program is required to have current health records prior to beginning nursing courses. Health records will be maintained through either the student's CSM admission record or through CSM's designated health services office.
- Students who stop out and are readmitted to the program must submit another health record, current to within six months.
- Additional immunizations or health screening may be required as needed to meet clinical agency requirements.
- The student is responsible for any expense incurred in completing this process.
- Failure by the student to submit health records as required will result in missed lab/clinical days.
- <u>All</u> items on the medical form must be filled in for the record to be considered complete.
- Immunizations must be current and the report must include all dates immunizations were given. Students are to meet immunization requirements per the state of Nebraska Immunization Law and any further requirements as outlined in clinical agency policies.
- Students are responsible for updating their health records annually with the CSM designated health services office.

Procedures:

- The CSM Nursing Program Director or the CSM designated health services office shall:
 - Review the medical form for completeness and content.
 - Notify student of any deficiencies.
 - Issue a clearance form/card to the student that includes an expiration date.
 - Share information that may affect the student's ability to function in the classroom or clinical area with appropriate faculty.
- The Program Director or designee shall:
 - Inform prospective or new students of the necessity of meeting the health requirement.
 - Notify Advisors, Instructors, and/or student of any deficiencies or special needs.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

• Faculty/Staff shall:

- Allow students to come to the lab/clinical area with a valid health clearance form/card.
- Refer students without a clearance form/card to the CSM Nursing Program Director or CSM designated health services office and not allow students to come to lab/clinical until proof of current/valid health clearance form/card is received.
- Furnish the information that the student is in compliance with CSM health requirements to clinical agencies as needed.

• The student shall:

- Maintain a valid health clearance form/card.
- Show valid health clearance card at designated times.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number: 1.4

Last Reviewed Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

READMISSION TO THE BSN PROGRAM

Policy:

- 1. The student who has withdrawn or has been terminated from the BSN program and wishes to be readmitted will be considered for readmission by the Program Director and/or Nursing Student Policies Committee with consideration of the following criteria:
 - Facts/details surrounding withdrawal or termination
 - The amount of time elapsed between withdrawal or termination from the BSN program to anticipated date of readmission
 - The amount of time elapsed from withdrawal or termination from the BSN program and previous college transcripts will be reviewed and recommendations made about appropriate plan of study
- 2. If the Program Director desires additional information, the student application and information may be reviewed by the Nursing Student Policies Committee.
- 3. Students are subject to Policy 1.3: Nursing Program Requirements.
- 4. The student wishing to be readmitted to the BSN program must complete the application process according to Policy 1.1: Admission to BSN Program.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number: 1.5

Last Reviewed Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

TRANSFER FROM ANOTHER NURSING PROGRAM

Policy:

- 1. Advanced standing may be granted to the student who qualified for transfer from an accredited program in nursing.
 - The student who wishes to transfer with advanced standing must fulfill the following requirements before being considered for admission:
 - Fulfill admission requirements of Policy 1.1: Admission to BSN Program.
 - Present a minimum overall grade point average of 2.75.
 - Provide favorable reference(s) from the school from which she is transferring.
 - Submit all application materials in advance of admission date.
- 2. Credit allowance for nursing courses is considered on an individual basis. Non-nursing courses will not be accepted for nursing courses. The program of study will be developed based on accepted transfer college credits. The following materials may be requested:
 - College catalog
 - Course syllabi
 - Results of standardized tests
 - Sample of previous course work
- 3. Students are subject to Policy 1.3: Nursing Program Requirements.
- 4. If a transfer nursing student is admitted, the nursing transfer student will be accepted on a provisional basis for one semester and must show academic success in order to continue.
- 5. Nursing credit from a non-collegiate program will be determined by the Program Director in collaboration with the Registrar.

Procedure:

- 1. NursingCAS or Enrollment Services shall:
 - Secure application credentials and submit to Program Director.
 - Send letter to applicant stating admission decision after review by Program Director.
 - Instruct applicant regarding registration.
 - Inform applicant of advisor's name.
- 2. Registrar shall evaluate the transcript for transferable credit of non-nursing courses.
- 3. Program Director shall:

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

- Review applicant credentials for: satisfactory completion of required courses; academic standing and GPA; course deficiencies, if any; description of courses completed; recommendations from faculty of transfer school.
- Evaluate content of nursing courses for transferable credit.
- Arrange for interview with student as deemed necessary.
- Make decision regarding student's eligibility for admission or refer to the Nursing Student Policies Committee.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number: 1.6

Last Reviewed Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

STUDENT WITHDRAWAL FROM BSN PROGRAM

Policy:

1. The student who withdraws from a course, the BSN program, and/or the College, and/or changes major of study follows the procedure described in the College Academic Catalog.

2. A student who voluntarily withdraws from the BSN program is not assured of readmission. Any commitment to the student will be given in writing and will be pending space availability.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number: 1.7

Last Revised Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

"CHALLENGE EXAM" FOR LICENSED PRACTICAL NURSE (LPN) APPLICANTS SEEKING PLACEMENT INTO BSN PROGRAM

- 1. Credit evaluation for students who meet other criteria for admission to the BSN program will be completed in accordance with college procedure.
- 2. The student must complete the NUR 100: Introduction to Nursing "Challenge Exam" during fall semester (required prior to enrollment in NUR 101).
- 3. If the student is unsuccessful, she will be referred to her Academic Advisor for review of her academic plan. The student will have the option to begin the BSN program in its entirety.
- 4. Students must submit the "Alternatives for College Credit" form as directed prior to registration to take the "Challenge Exam."
- 5. After successful completion of the "Challenge Exam," credits (3) will be placed on the transcript for NUR 100: Introduction to Nursing. The student will be placed into the second semester of Level 1 BSN courses.
- 6. If a student is unsuccessful on the NUR 100: Introduction to Nursing "Challenge Exam", then the student cannot progress in nursing until the student takes and successfully completes NUR 100.

COLLEGE OF SAINT MARY DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

COLLEGE OF SAINT MARY DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

GENERIC BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN NURSING (BSN) ACADEMIC AND LABORATORY/CLINICAL POLICIES

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number: 2.1

Last Reviewed Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

Inherent in the profession of nursing, there are values that are demonstrated through professional conduct. Examples of professional values include demonstrating a commitment to nursing, placing the client's welfare first, demonstrating cooperation and collaboration, exhibiting intellectual and personal integrity, and adhering to nursing program and clinical facility policies. These categories serve as examples by which the student may be evaluated in the area of professional conduct.

In keeping with the CSM mission and "Code of Conduct" (found in the CSM Academic Catalog), and the BSN Philosophy, a student is expected to exhibit professional behavior when performing nursing activities or representing the College in any capacity.

Policy:

1. Professional Conduct

Commitment to Nursing

When in the clinical area or any clinical experience, the student should be identified as a College of Saint Mary student by proper uniform, and identification as listed in the Professional Image and Personal Appearance Policy (2.9). The student is expected to exhibit a professional manner, which includes but is not limited to having a neat, clean appearance, utilizing appropriate language and behavior, and refraining from use of cell phones or other electronic devices for personal matters.

The BSN student will be identified as a CSM nursing student (CSM SN) when completing official agency records or forms. Additional titles may not be used when in a student role.

The student notifies the Clinical Instructor appropriately when she is unable to complete nursing responsibilities, will be absent from the clinical setting, or must leave the clinical area prior to the end of clinical time. Refer to Policy 2.7: Attendance at Class and Clinical Laboratory.

The student comes to the clinical area on time and is prepared to give safe client care. The student maintains safety at all times when caring for clients. The student is expected not to enter the clinical area if impaired by physical or mental illness, medication or substance abuse, or any other problem that could jeopardize the client, themselves, or others. Refer to Policy 2.7: Attendance at Class and Clinical Laboratory.

• Client Welfare.

The student is expected to deliver care in a nondiscriminatory and nonjudgmental manner that is culturally sensitive. When providing care, the student places the client's welfare first by: being accessible and prompt in answering client's requests; establishing a

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

priority of activities which reflects the client's needs; and being responsive and reliable when needs are identified by the client, staff or Clinical Instructor. The student delivers care in a manner that preserves and protects client autonomy, dignity, and rights.

• Cooperation and Collaboration.

The student interacts professionally with faculty, staff, clients, and peers when giving and receiving information. When a question or unclear situation occurs, the student follows the appropriate channels of communication and chain-of-command for clarification. The student's written work/charting is accurate, has a professional appearance, and is completed according to standards of the agency and the College.

The student is a cooperative team member who considers the needs of the entire group when working together, giving and receiving assignments, and accepting the roles and responsibilities of others in the group. The student accepts and acts upon constructive criticism.

The Program Director, in consultation with the Course Coordinator, reserves the right to adjust assignments as warranted by clinical objectives, clinical facility requests, and faculty availability. Any changes which affect a student's schedule will be communicated to the student by the Course Coordinator and/or Program Director.

- Intellectual and Personal Integrity.
 - The student exhibits intellectual and personal integrity by readily acknowledging mistakes and/or oversights, and takes action to correct the situation. The student is honest and truthful when interacting with client, peers, faculty, staff, and in completing written work such as charting, careplans, and the like. The student completes her own work, not representing anyone else's work as being their own. The student identifies group collaboration on projects when indicated and appropriate. Refer to Policy on Academic Dishonesty in the Academic Catalog.
- 2. Any student nurse who is asked to vacate a health care facility by duly authorized personnel of the facility is vulnerable to a recommendation of immediate dismissal from the Nursing Student Policies Committee by virtue of that decision itself.

Procedures:

Consequences of Non-Professional Conduct

- 1. Initial action
 - If displaying unprofessional conduct, the student will be sent away from the classroom, clinical, or laboratory setting by the Instructor or designated authority. The Instructor then notifies the Course Coordinator and/or Program Director. The Program Director will notify other college officials as deemed necessary. Documentation will be completed as appropriate.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

2. Follow-up

• Any violation of Policy 2.1: Professional Conduct will be reviewed by the Course Coordinator, Program Director, and any other college officials as deemed necessary. The student has the responsibility to follow appropriate communication channels in a timely manner in an attempt to resolve the situation. The student will be notified if she may return to the classroom, clinical, or laboratory setting. If warranted, the situation may be brought to the Nursing Student Policies Committee for review. The student will be notified of the committee decision.

Clinical time missed in the above situation will be considered as an unexcused absence and may result in the unsuccessful completion of the course. Refer to Policy 2.7: Attendance at Class and Clinical Laboratory. Unprofessional conduct may result in student dismissal from the nursing program.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number: 2.2

Last Reviewed Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

AUDIT POLICY

- Students out of sequence in nursing classes may be required to complete an audit of previous curriculum content or an individualized independent study before continuing in the BSN program.
- 2. Conditions of the audit will be determined by the Course Coordinator(s) and approved by the Program Director. The student who audits a nursing course will be required to meet the same objectives as students who are taking the course for credit. The decision regarding the audit will be based upon recommendation made by the faculty with consideration given to the length of time since the student was last enrolled in the nursing program. Curricular changes during the time the student is out of nursing courses will be taken into consideration when determining the specific audit conditions. Recommendations for audit will be recorded in the Nursing Student Policies Committee minutes.
- 3. The student must request in writing her intention to return to the BSN program prior to the deadline established by the Nursing Student Policies Committee. This request goes to the Program Director.
- 4. The student will not be allowed to proceed to the next nursing course until conditions of the audit have been met.
- 5. Fees will be charged according to the current college fee structure.
- 6. A student who has been away from nursing courses for more than one year will be required to reapply for admission.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number: 2.3

Last Reviewed Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

INDEPENDENT STUDY

- 1. Independent Study in nursing may be an option for students at the discretion of the Program Director for a specific area in nursing.
- 2. Course may carry 1-3 credit hours.
- 3. All requests for Independent Study must be approved by the student's Academic Advisor, Program Director, and Vice President for Academic Affairs prior to registration for the semester in which the course is to be taken.
- 4. Selection of faculty for the Independent Study will be based on:
 - Faculty workload for the semester/year.
 - Faculty expertise related to the area selected for study.
 - Mutual agreement of faculty and Program Director.
- 5. The student will follow the College procedure for Independent Study from the office of the Vice President of Academic Affairs.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number: 2.4

Last Reviewed Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

ACADEMIC EVALUATION

Policies:

1. The scale for the percentage method of grading in the BSN Program is as follows:

| Grade | Percentage |
|-------|-------------|
| A+ | 97-100 |
| A | 92- 96 |
| B+ | 88-91 |
| В | 85-87 |
| C+ | 82-84 |
| C | 79-81 |
| D | 71-78 |
| F | 70 or below |

- 2. The BSN program follows the College Academic Catalog for incomplete grades.
- 3. In the BSN program,
 - Nursing courses that have only a theory component are graded as follows: The final theory course grade shall consist of a letter grade.
 - Nursing courses that have both a theory and clinical component are graded as follows: A final theory grade of 79% or higher and a "Satisfactory" (S) clinical grade are required to successfully pass a nursing theory/clinical course. A grade below 79% in theory and/or a grade of "Unsatisfactory" (U) in clinical will require that the entire course (theory and clinical components) be repeated. The final course grade will reflect the letter grade earned in the theory component of the course. However, if the student achieves a final theory grade of 79% or higher and an "Unsatisfactory" (U) grade in the clinical component, an "Unsatisfactory" (U) will be given for the final course grade.
- 4. The course syllabi outline expected criteria and the process of evaluating student achievement in the classroom, lab, and clinical experiences.
- 5. A student may request an evaluation of progress whenever the need for additional guidance is desired.
- 6. Upon completion of lab/clinical courses, the student's evaluation form will be placed in the student's permanent folder.

Procedure:

- 1. The student will:
 - Attend conferences as determined by faculty.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

- Demonstrate evidence of following through with suggestions of faculty. A student encountering academic difficulties in a nursing course is expected to make full use of all available college resources.
- Discuss questions or concerns with Instructor(s). The student will utilize appropriate communication channels when addressing concerns regarding grades/evaluations. The student may seek input from her Academic Advisor for assistance with this process.
- Sign name and date clinical evaluation form. Student signature documents that she has been notified of evaluation, not necessarily agreement with the evaluation. The student may respond to the evaluation in writing.
- Access midterm and final grades by utilizing the designated CSM website.
- Refer to Policy 2.5: Failing/Repeating Nursing Courses and Grade Appeal Procedure, and Policy 2.6: Progression and Graduation, if needed.

2. The faculty will:

- Orient students to evaluation policies and procedures at the beginning of each course.
- Meet with the student for clinical evaluation conferences a minimum of twice per semester (at midterm and following completion of the clinical rotation).
- Document clinical evaluation conferences on the student clinical evaluation form.
- Submit the midterm and final grades to the Course Coordinator. Course Coordinator will report grades to the Registrar and the Nursing Student Policies Committee.
- Present documented evidence of failures to the Nursing Student Policies Committee and make recommendations regarding the student's progress in the program.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number: 2.5

Last Reviewed Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

FAILING/REPEATING NURSING COURSES AND GRADE APPEAL PROCEDURE

- 1. In courses that includes both a theory and lab/clinical component, a final theory grade of 79% and "Satisfactory" (S) clinical grade are required to successfully pass the course. A grade below 79% in theory and/or a grade of "Unsatisfactory" (U) in clinical will require that the entire course (theory and clinical components) be repeated. The final course grade will reflect the letter grade earned in the theory component of the course. However, if the student achieves a final theory grade of 79% or higher and an "Unsatisfactory" (U) grade in the clinical component, an "Unsatisfactory" (U) will be given for the final course grade.
- 2. Whenever a student withdraws from or fails a nursing course, she is referred to the Nursing Student Policies Committee. A recommendation is made by the Committee concerning the student's progression in the program. This recommendation is sent to the Program Director, for a final decision. A letter stating the final decision is sent to the student by the Program Director.
- 3. A student may repeat and/or withdraw from the same nursing course only once. If a student withdraws, withdraws failing, and/or fails from the course for the second time, her progression in the program will be evaluated by the Nursing Student Policies Committee. After review, a recommendation regarding the student's continuation in the program will be made and forwarded to the Chair, Division of Health Professions and VPAA for a final decision. Withdrawals for reasons other than failing grades will be evaluated on an individual basis.
- 4. A student may withdraw, withdraw failing, and/or fail from only two nursing courses in her current program. If a student withdraws, withdraws failing, and/or fails two nursing courses, her progression in the program will be evaluated by the Nursing Student Policies Committee. After review, a recommendation regarding the student's continuation in the program will be made and forwarded to the Chair, Division of Health Professions and VPAA for a final decision. Withdrawals for reasons other than failing grades will be evaluated on an individual basis.
- 5. This policy applies to all nursing students, including those with ADA accommodations.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Grade Clarification / Appeal Procedure:

- 1. The student shall:
 - Discuss the grade with the Instructor and Course Coordinator, if applicable, for clarification as to how the course work was evaluated.
 - If the student still has concerns about the evaluation, the student shall make an appointment to discuss concerns with the Program Director.
 - If concerns remain after these steps, then the student shall make an appointment to discuss concerns with the Nursing Student Policies Committee.
- 2. The Nursing Student Policies Committee will review nursing student appeals and make recommendations to the Chair, Division of Health Professions and VPAA. The Nursing Student Policies Committee Chairperson shall:
 - Review the written appeal submitted by the student.
 - Schedule the Nursing Student Policies Committee meeting.
 - Provide the written appeal to the Instructor/Course Coordinator, members of the Student Policies Committee, and Program Director.
 - Arrange to have the student, Instructor and/or Course Coordinator, and Program
 Director at the beginning of the meeting for input of data and to answer questions the
 committee might have.
 - Preside over the meeting.
 - Chair of Nursing Student Policies Committee calls group to order.
 - Student presents appeal and circumstances. Time limited to 5 minutes.
 - Instructor and Course Coordinator present rationale for grading decision(s). Time limited to 5 minutes.
 - Nursing Student Policies Committee members may question facts. Time limited to 5 minutes.
 - All non-Nursing Student Policies Committee members asked to leave.
 - Committee makes recommendation; written recommendation with brief rationale based on facts.
 - No discussion of the appeal occurs outside the meeting itself.
 - Inform the Chair, Division of Health Professions, and VPAA in writing of the committee's recommendation.
 - The student may appeal a specific academic decision that the student considers unwarranted, unjust, or capricious by following the Academic Appeal process as outlined in the College of Saint Mary Undergraduate Catalog, see "Academic Appeals Board." (http://www.csm.edu/Academics/Academic Catalog/)

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number: 2.6

Last Reviewed Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

PROGRESSION AND GRADUATION

- 1. All BSN students are required to achieve a minimum grade of "C" in the following courses: CHM 100/100L: Fundamentals of Chemistry with lab, BIO 200/201: Anatomy & Physiology I with lab, BIO 202/203: Anatomy and Physiology II with lab, BIO 230/231: Microbiology with lab, BIO 366: Pathophysiology, PHL 200: Moral Reasoning, PSY 101: General Psychology, and MTH 242: Statistics to be allowed to progress to the next level in the BSN curriculum.
- 2. Any student who withdraws or receives a grade below a "C" in three required science courses, including the same science course if repeated or a combination of science courses will not be admitted and/or allowed to progress in the BSN nursing program.
- 3. To progress in the nursing program, students must have CSM cumulative GPA of 2.0. Students with a GPA below 2.0 will be reviewed on an individual basis by the Program Director who will notify the Nursing Student Policies Committee (Refer also to the Academic Probation and Dismissal policy in the Academic Catalog).
- 4. The BSN program is organized so that a student must satisfactorily complete all nursing courses at a given level before progressing to the next level. See CSM College Catalog for course pre-requisite and concurrent course requirements.
- 5. BSN students who take a Leave of Absence (LOA) for two semesters will be reviewed by the Nursing Student Policies Committee. This behavior may result in dismissal from the nursing program.
- 6. Academic success is only one requirement for progression in the nursing program. The student must meet Policy 2.1: Professional Conduct and the "Code of Conduct" in the Academic Catalog.
- 7. Each candidate for graduation from the nursing program must have satisfactorily completed all program requirements and have the required credit hours outlined in the Academic Catalog.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number: 2.7

Last Reviewed Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

ATTENDANCE AT CLASS AND CLINICAL LABORATORY

Policy:

Students are responsible to attend **all** scheduled classes and lab/clinical experiences. If a student chooses to miss a class or lab/clinical experience or has an emergency that necessitates missing class, clinical, or laboratory, the student is responsible for communicating with the Instructor and following the actions described below.

Absences are considered to be excused or unexcused. The student is responsible to notify the Clinical Instructor and the clinical agency when she is unable to attend a scheduled clinical assignment. The only exceptions will be when all students will not attend due to weather or other emergencies that make communication impossible.

Procedure:

1. Excused Absences

- Excused absences are those absences due to illness, personal crisis, or special events (i.e., workshops, college functions)
- For an excused absence related to a special event (see definition above), the student will notify the Clinical Instructor/Course Coordinator in <u>advance</u>. A special event must be approved in order to be considered an excused absence. If approved, arrangements will be made to make-up work missed in both clinical and classroom.
- When an excused clinical absence is due to illness, the student will see a primary care
 health practitioner to obtain permission to return to class and clinical area. The Clinical
 Instructor and/or Course Coordinator may waive this requirement when reviewing the
 nature of the illness and length of absence. The permission to return to clinical is noted in
 the student file.
- In the event of a crisis where the student is unable to notify the Clinical Instructor in advance, the situation will be reviewed by the Course Coordinator and/or Program Director as appropriate. An excused absence will be determined at that time and arrangements made for course work. Students with excused absences meet with Course Coordinator and Program Director to determine specific make-up requirements.
- Students who have an excused absence for any college laboratory or clinical experience will be brought to the attention of the Course Coordinator for review.
 - An evaluation will be made to determine required make-up activities. The Course Coordinator will inform the student and the Nursing Student Policies Committee if the completion of course objectives becomes a concern.
 - The Clinical Instructor and Course Coordinator will develop a plan/requirement the student needs to complete to meet the clinical objectives.
 - The Clinical Instructor and Course Coordinator will submit the above plan to the Program Director for final approval.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

- If course objectives are not met, the Nursing Student Policies Committee may recommend that the student be asked to withdraw from the course or be administratively withdrawn from the BSN program.
- Additional clinical time at the clinical site will be scheduled to make-up excused absences in excess of 20% of the total number of clinical hours for the course.
- Availability of clinical make-up time cannot be guaranteed for any absence, even though
 the absence may be an excused one; however, for excused absences every attempt will be
 made to provide a make-up experience given clinical site and Instructor availability
 considerations. Arrangements are made by the Program Director with coordinator input
 to obtain faculty and clinical site dates and times for clinical make-up.

2. Unexcused Absences

- An unexcused absence is any absence in which the student has not made contact, made prior arrangements, or upon review by the Clinical Instructor/Course Coordinator is not an approved absence.
- Unexcused absences from an examination or failure to turn in a graded assignment may result in a grade of zero.
- Unexcused absences from lab/clinical will result in an Unsatisfactory for the day and are not applicable for makeup.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number: 2.8

Last Reviewed Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

MISREPRESENTATION OF THEORY AND/OR CLINICAL EXPERIENCE/ASSIGNMENTS

In keeping with its mission, College of Saint Mary seeks to prepare its students to be knowledgeable, forthright, and honest. It expects academic honesty from all its members. Academic honesty mandates ethical behavior in academic matters, and prohibits, among other things, plagiarism, cheating, tampering with the work of other students, or knowingly furnishing false information. (Refer to the CSM Academic Catalog for the Policy for Academic Dishonesty.)

In keeping with the philosophy of College of Saint Mary and the BSN program, a student is responsible for all required theory, clinical experience, and assignments.

Any misrepresentation of client visits, client assessments, or assignments will be considered by the Nursing Student Policies Committee for disciplinary action. Such misrepresentation may be cause for dismissal. (Refer to Policy 2.1.)

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number: 2.9

Last Reviewed Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

PROFESSIONAL IMAGE AND PERSONAL APPEARANCE

Policy:

In clinical settings, nursing students are required to be well groomed and dressed to reflect a professional image. Student identification is visible.

1. Personal Appearance:

- Hair shall be neatly combed and pulled back in such a way that it is out of the face and does not fall forward while giving client care. Human colored hair is required.
- Nails should be filed to a moderate length and clean. Bright colored polish may not be worn. Artificial nails and shellac products are not allowed.
- The only acceptable jewelry to be worn to the clinical area will be wristwatches, a ring, and plain post-type pierced earrings (non-dangling), one earring per ear. No visible piercings, or the like, allowed elsewhere on the body.
- No visible tattoos/branding will be allowed. Tattoos/branding must be covered.
- If make-up is used, it should be applied in a manner that reflects a professional appearance. "Professional appearance" is based on the subjective opinion of clinical faculty and agency policy.

2. Uniform Requirements:

- Student uniforms will consist of a preselected uniform top with CSM logo, pants, and a white cardigan-length lab jacket with CSM logo. White turtlenecks or white long-sleeved tee shirts may be worn under the top.
- Students may wear a white lab jacket with the CSM logo on the upper left chest in the clinical area, unless otherwise directed.
- A CSM photo identification is a part of the student uniform.
- Uniforms are required to be worn for all pre-lab experiences, tours, and/or observational experiences. Jeans, sweatpants, or shorts may not be worn under lab coats or at any time in the clinical agency.
- Professional, closed, mostly white leather shoes and white socks are to be worn with the CSM uniform. Shoes for clinical must be clean, white, and polished. Shoelaces are to be kept clean. The style for shoes selected for clinical should be suitable for hospital wear.
 Sandals, canvas shoes, and boots are not suitable and <u>may not</u> be worn. Plain white socks are required.
- While in surgery, mental health nursing, and maternal/newborn settings, students will adhere to dress policies of the individual institutions to which they are assigned.

The above policies will be enforced as long as they are congruent with each clinical agency's policies. Students and Instructors are responsible for following and supporting agency policies regarding student dress code. Students will be asked to leave the lab/clinical area if their appearance does not meet the guidelines for professional image and personal appearance. Students who need to adjust uniform requirements for cultural or religious reasons need to

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

contact the Program Director to see if this is feasible, prior to enrollment in lab/clinical courses. Students who need maternity uniforms should consult with the Program Director.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number: 2.10

Last Reviewed Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

SMOKING POLICY

Policy:

1. The buildings at College of Saint Mary are smoke-free.

2. Students must follow clinical agency policies related to smoking. There is no smoking during any portion of clinical.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number: 2.11

Last Reviewed Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

SNOW POLICY

Policy:

The BSN program does not have authority to cancel classes. The Vice President or designee makes this decision and notifies the news media. If the College of Saint Mary is closed, all morning clinical is canceled. Decision about afternoon/evening clinical experience is made later in the day based on weather conditions.

Procedure:

- 1. When driving conditions could be hazardous for students and Clinical Instructors with clinical assignments, the Program Director will call the Clinical Coordinators by 5:00 A.M. with a decision regarding morning clinical experience or two hours prior to the starting time for afternoon clinical experience.
- 2. Upon notification by the Program Director, Clinical Coordinators will then call the Clinical Instructors in their course.
- 3. Instructors will initiate the calling system to their students by 5:15 A.M. or at the time designated by the individual Instructor. Students having afternoon/evening clinical experience will be notified by their Clinical Instructor prior to clinical. If in doubt, the student should contact their Instructor before leaving for clinical.
- 4. Each clinical group should establish a system for notification of students. Nursing students should delay leaving home until 5:30 A.M. on days of hazardous driving conditions to give Instructors ample time to notify them of cancellation.
- 5. Alternate Clinical learning experiences may be arranged on campus.
- 6. The Clinical Instructor will notify the clinical area.
- 7. Due to geographical differences, clinical closings may not necessarily be uniform. Make-up or alternative assignments will be determined by the Course Coordinator. See Policy 2.7 for clinical absences.
- 8. If driving conditions appear to be hazardous the evening before clinical assignments, or projections of weather reports are very unfavorable, Course Coordinators will consult the Program Director for advance planning.
- 9. Should a student arrive at the clinical area and find that the Instructor has not yet arrived, the student will not give any client care. The student should inform the staff in the clinical area and call the Clinical Instructor, Course Coordinator, or Program Director for further instructions.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number: 2.12

Last Reviewed Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

MEDICATIONS, INTRAVENOUS THERAPY, AND BLOOD THERAPY

Policy:

Students must comply with written clinical agency policies and procedures when they differ from the CSM policy. The Clinical Instructor will be familiar with current agency policies and make them available to students regarding administration of medications. Students are expected to know the infusion rate and observe its effect on the assigned clients.

Procedure:

After instruction in the appropriate nursing course, nursing students, with the direct supervision of their Clinical Instructor, or RN designated by the Instructor, may do the following:

- Peripheral Lines: May start, regulate, and discontinue.
- Blood: May initiate saline setup as well as observe and document vital signs and client's response to blood infusion. The primary care nurse will hang the blood with another staff RN to ensure accuracy.
- Flushes: Peripheral, central lines, ports, and PICC lines with appropriate amounts of saline and/or heparin as needed according to policy.
- Intravenous Push and Intravenous Piggy-back (IVP/IVPB) Medications: Give as per drug administration information from the Physician's Desk Reference (PDR) or the manufacturer's information sheet with the exception of vasopressors and chemotherapeutic agents.
- Continuous Infusions: Administer standard intravenous solutions as well as those with other additives, for example: electrolytes, vitamins, antibiotics, dextran, and albumin. Exceptions include blood, vasopressors, chemotherapeutic agents, insulin, heparin, magnesium sulfate, and oxytocins.
- Regulate Infusions: Students are expected to know the side effects, infusion rate, and observe and document effects on the client. Students may regulate all continuous infusions except blood, vasopressors, chemotherapeutic agents, insulin, heparin, magnesium sulfate, and oxytocins.
- PCA Infusions: Document rate and effectiveness of infusion, change parameters and clear pump with primary nurse.
- Epidurals: Students are expected to know the indications, side effects, infusion rate, and observe for effects. Students may not perform any cares in relation to the epidural.
- Central Lines: May only observe removal of the central line.
- Documentation: The student and Clinical Instructor must document according to facility policy.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Original Date: March 2014 Number: 2.13

Last Revised Date: June 2015 Section: Student Policies

ATI COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT AND REVIEW PROGRAM POLICY

Policy:

All College of Saint Mary BSN students will be required to complete the Assessment Technologies Institute, LLC (ATI) standardized Content Mastery proctored exams.

Procedure:

- 1. At the beginning of every semester, an ATI representative may visit each course to discuss ATI and the advantages of using this program as required by the faculty.
- 2. A few weeks into the course, the ATI Coordinator from College of Saint Mary may visit each course to discuss what resources are available for each specific course.
- 3. The Instructors and Course Coordinators encourage use of Learning System assessments as learning tools with rationales, then Practice Assessments, which do not have rationales provided.

4. Assessments

- Each student will be required to take the Practice Assessment and score at least an 80% prior to sitting for the ATI exam for said course.
 - There will be a time limit of 12-hours between assessment attempts.
 - The score sheet of the online Practice Assessment and photo ID must be presented at the time of each proctored assessment.
- Each student will be required to take the ATI Proctored Assessment assigned to that course. The goal is for at least 86% of the students successful in said course to achieve a Proficiency Level 2 or above on the first attempt with the exception of the RN Predictor. The RN Predictor benchmark is at least an 86%.
 - Students who do not meet a Proficiency Level 2 or above on the first attempt will be given the opportunity to remediate and retake an alternate version of the Proctored Assessment. This second assessment must be completed on the students' time and scheduled with the Course Coordinator or the ATI Coordinator.
 - Prior to retaking the assigned ATI assessment, the students must remediate.
 Remediation will include creation and completion of a focused review based upon the first proctored exam.
- The score sheet of the online Practice Assessment and photo ID must be presented at the time of the assessment.

5. Scoring of Course Points

• Each Proctored Assessment will be awarded points as an 'Activity' grade. The total amount of points from Proctored Assessments should represent between a 4-8% of the total course points. See course syllabi for specifics.

DIVISION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS

6. ATI Assessments

- NUR 101:
 - Self-Assessment Inventory Practice Assessment
 - RN Fundamentals Proctored Assessment
- NUR 200:
 - Mental Health Proctored Assessment
- NUR 203:
 - Maternal Newborn Proctored Assessment
- NUR 204:
 - Nursing Care of Children Proctored Assessment
- NUR 300:
 - 5 Medical-Surgical Practice Assessments
- NUR 303:
 - Adult Medical Surgical Proctored Assessment
- NUR 304:
 - Pharmacology Proctored Assessment
- NUR 306:
 - Leadership Proctored Assessment
- NUR 307:
 - An assortment of the Fundamentals, Nutrition, Community Health Practice Assessments as additional homework points (beyond the 4-8%). Each Practice Assessment must be completed at a 80% in order for students to receive completion points. There will be a time restriction of 24-hours between each attempt.
 - RN Comprehensive Predictor Proctored Assessment